

BULB-TEE (BT-72), SINGLE SPAN, COMPOSITE DECK

9.1a.12.3 Required Interface Shear Reinforcement/9.1a.13 Minimum Longitudinal Reinforcement Requirement

where

- c = cohesion factor, ksi
 μ = coefficient of friction
 A_{cv} = area of concrete section resisting shear transfer, in.²
 A_{vf} = area of shear reinforcement crossing the shear plane, in.²
 P_c = permanent net compressive force normal to the shear plane, kips
 f_{yh} = specified yield strength of shear reinforcement, ksi

For cast-in-place concrete slabs placed on clean concrete girder surface intentionally roughened. [LRFD Art. 5.8.4.3]

$$c = 0.28 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\mu = 1.0$$

The actual contact width, b_v , between the slab and the beam is 42 in.

$$A_{cv} = (42.0 \text{ in.})(1.0 \text{ in.}) = 42.0 \text{ in.}^2$$

LRFD Eq. 5.8.4.1-3 can be solved for A_{vf} as follows:

$$4.97 = 0.28(42.0) + 1.0[A_{vf}(60) + 0]$$

Solving for A_{vf} :

$$A_{vf}(\text{req'd}) < 0$$

Since the resistance provided by cohesion is greater than the applied force, provide the minimum required interface reinforcement.

9.1a.12.3.1 Minimum Interface Shear Reinforcement

$$A_{vf} \geq (0.05A_{cv})/f_{yh}$$

[LRFD Eq. 5.8.4.4-1]

From the design of vertical shear reinforcement, a No. 4 double-leg bar at 12-in. spacing is provided from the beam extending into the deck. Therefore, $A_{vf} = 0.40 \text{ in.}^2/\text{ft}$

$$A_{vf} = (0.40 \text{ in.}^2/\text{ft}) < (0.05A_{cv})/f_{yh} = 0.05(42)/60 = 0.035 \text{ in.}^2/\text{in.} = 0.42 \text{ in.}^2/\text{ft}$$

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However, LRFD Article 5.8.4.4 states that the minimum reinforcement need not exceed the amount needed to resist $1.33V_{hi}/\phi$ as determined using Eq. 5.8.4.1-3.

$$1.33(4.47/0.9) = 0.28(42.0) + 1.0[A_{vf}(60) + 0]$$

solving for A_{vf}

$$A_{vf}(\text{req'd}) < 0 \quad \text{OK}$$

9.1a.12.4 Maximum Nominal Shear Resistance

$$V_{ni} \leq K_1 f'_c A_{cv} \text{ or } K_2 A_{cv}$$

$$V_{ni} \text{ provided} = (0.28)(42) + 1.0\left(\frac{0.40}{12}(60.0) + 0\right) = 13.76 \text{ kips/in.}$$

$$K_1 f'_c A_{cv} = (0.3)(4.0)(42) = 50.4 \text{ kips/in.}$$

[LRFD Eq. 5.8.4.1-4]

$$K_2 A_{cv} = 1.8(42) = 75.6 \text{ kips/in.}$$

[LRFD Eq. 5.8.4.1-5]

Since provided $V_{ni} = 13.76 \text{ kips/in.} < 50.4 \text{ kips/in.}$ OK

9.1a.13 MINIMUM LONGITUDINAL REINFORCEMENT**REQUIREMENT**

[LRFD Art. 5.8.3.5]

Longitudinal reinforcement should be proportioned so that at each section the following equation is satisfied:

$$A_{ps}f_{ps} + A_s f_y \geq \frac{M_u}{d_v \phi_f} + 0.5 \frac{N_u}{\phi_c} + \left(\left| \frac{V_u}{\phi_v} - V_p \right| - 0.5 V_s \right) \cot \theta \quad [\text{LRFD Eq. 5.8.3.5-1}]$$

where

- A_s = area of nonprestressed tension reinforcement, in.²
 f_y = specified yield strength of reinforcing bars, ksi